







Open science, including open publications, data, physical samples, and software (to ensure access to evidence)

- Open-access publications like those supported by the Public Library of Science (PLOS), Empirical Software Engineering (which encourages the submission of a replication package), and Open Library of Humanities
- Open-data platforms like Vivli
- Open-access software like the Open Source Foundation work (



Coordination of efforts to support evidence intermediaries in using global public goods to support local (national or sub-national) decision-making (to ensure quality in and timeliness of evidence support)

- Cochrane 'plain-language summaries,' which are translated into multiple languages (as an example of coordinating efforts to package evidence in ways that can be used or adapted locally)
- What Works Clearinghouse for US educators and Evidence Aid for humanitarian-aid providers (as examples of one-stop evidence shops that are optimized for decision-makers' needs)
- Evidence-Informed Policy Networks (EVIPNet) for groups supporting evidence use by health policymakers with a rapid-evidence service, by building their capacity to find and use evidence, and by convening deliberative dialogues

The 'quintet of change' meant to support the UN's transformation from 2021 to 2025 explicitly includes data analytics and behavior implementation research, and implicitly includes evaluation (under performance and results orientation). While it is silent on the needed forms of evidence, it also explicitly includes strategic foresight and innovation (and digital transformation), which are two complements to evidence and which also have features of global public goods depending on how they are operationalized.